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## G. VENKATASWAMY NAIDU COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOVILPATTI - 628 502.



## **UG DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - APRIL 2025.**

(For those admitted in June 2021 and later)

## PROGRAMME AND BRANCH: B.Sc. PHYSICS

SEM	CATEGORY	COMPONENT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
V	PART - III	CORE	U21PH508	FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONICS

Date & Session: 26.04.2025/AN Time: 3 hours Maximum: 75 Marks Outcome Bloom's K-level Course SECTION – A  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ Q. No. Answer ALL Questions. CO1 K1 1. The output voltage of an ideal voltage source is \_\_\_ a) Zero b) constant c) depend on RL d) depend on RI CO1 K2 2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ h parameter of transistor. a) 2 b)3 c) 4 d)5 CO2 K1 3. A zener diode is used as \_\_\_\_\_. a) an amplifier b) rectifier c) an oscillator d) a voltage regulator CO2 K2 The most widely used rectifier is\_ 4. a) half wave rectifier b) centre tap full-wave rectifier c) bridge full wave rectifier d) none of these CO3 K1 Transformer coupling is used for \_\_\_\_\_amplification. 5. a) power b) voltage c) current d) none of these CO3 K2 6. In p channel JFET, the charge carriers are \_\_\_\_\_. a) electrons b) holes c) both (a) and (b) d) none of these CO4 K1 7. The gain of an amplifier with feedback is known as \_\_\_\_\_ a) Resonance b) open loop c) Closed loop d) sharpness The output impedance of an emitter follower is \_\_\_\_ CO4 K2 8. a) High b) very high c) almost zero d) low CO<sub>5</sub> K1 The op-amp can amplify\_\_\_ 9. a) ac signal only b) dc signal only c) both ac and dc signals d) neither dc nor ac signals For an op-amp with negative feedback the output is \_\_\_\_\_. CO<sub>5</sub> K2 10. a) equal to input b) increases c) feedback to inverting input d) feedback to non-inverting input

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	$\frac{\text{SECTION} - B \text{ (5 X 5 = 25 Marks)}}{\text{Answer } \frac{\text{ALL}}{\text{Questions choosing either (a) or (b)}}$
CO1	КЗ	11a.	State and explain Thevenin theorem.
			(OR)
CO1	КЗ	11b.	Illustrate Norton's theorem with a suitable diagram.
CO2	КЗ	12a.	Describe the characteristics of a PN Junction diode.
			(OR)
CO2	КЗ	12b.	Discuss the action of a Zener diode as a voltage regulator.
CO3	K4	13a.	With a neat diagram, explain the working of NPN transistor.
			(OR)
CO3	K4	13b.	Deduce $\beta$ . Show that $\beta=\alpha/1-\alpha$ .
CO4	K4	14a.	What are the Brakhauson conditions for oscillation?
			(OR)
CO4	K4	14b.	What is a Clipper? Analyse (i) Positive Clipper (ii) Biased Clipper.
CO5	K5	15a.	Discuss the slew rate of an OP-amp and also explain response of an OP-amp.
			(OR)
CO5	K5	15b.	Describe the operation of an inverting OP-Amp.

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	$\frac{\text{SECTION} - C \text{ (5 X 8 = 40 Marks)}}{\text{Answer } \underline{\text{ALL }} \text{Questions choosing either (a) or (b)}}$
CO1	КЗ	16a.	Illustrate constant voltage and current sources with a neat diagram (OR)
CO1	КЗ	16b.	State and explain maximum power transfer theorem.
CO2	K4	17a.	Describe an experiment to determine the V – I characteristics of Zener diode. (OR)
CO2	K4	17b.	With a neat sketch, analyse the working of Full Wave bridge rectifier. Derive an expression for the efficiency of a full wave rectifier.
CO3	K4	18a.	With a neat sketch explain the working and parameter of JFET.  (OR)
CO3	K4	18b.	Analyse the construction and operation of Push – Pull amplifier with neat diagram.
CO4	K5	19a.	Describe the construction and Working of an Astable multivibrator.  (OR)
CO4	K5	19b.	Explain the construction and Working of a Hartley amplifier.
CO5	K5	20a.	Determine the voltage gain of an inverting amplifier and Non inverting amplifier.  (OR)
CO5	K5	20b.	Discuss the operation of OP-Amp as an integrator and differentiator.